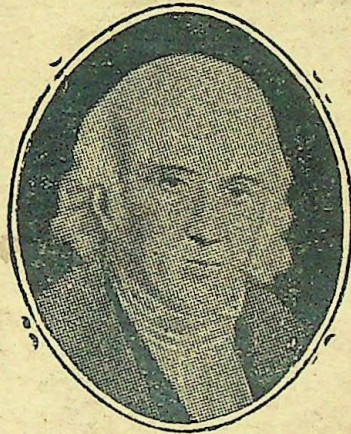


The

HOMŒOPATHIC HERALD

(Journal of Pure Homoeopathy)



Vol. XIV.

August, 1953

No. 5.

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The HOMŒOPATHIC HERALD

EDITOR

Dr. N. C. Das, M. A., D. M. S.

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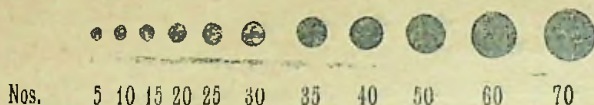
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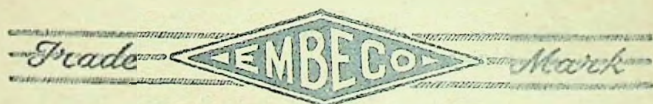
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Editorial

ADMINISTRATION OF HOMŒOPATHIC MEDICINE.

Dr. Hahnemann has advised the oral administration of Homoeopathic drugs for purposes of cure of diseases. And this method of drug administration is usually followed. But our master has also suggested an alternative method of administering drugs to sick individuals. It is the mode of administering the medicine by olfaction. He declares with sufficient emphasis that homoeopathic drugs act most surely and most powerfully when they are administered by olfaction and inhalation. Regarding it he says :—

“In little children it may be applied close to their nostrils whilst they are asleep with the certainty of producing an effect: The medicinal aura thus inhaled comes in contact with the nerves in the walls of the spacious cavities it traverses without obstruction, and thus produces a salutary influence on the vital force, in the mildest yet most powerful manner, and this is much preferable to every other mode of administering the medicament in substance by the mouth. All that Homoeopathy is capable of curing among the most severe chronic diseases, that have not been quite ruined by allopathy as also among acute diseases, will be most safely and certainly cured by this olfaction. During I have become convinced that by this olfaction the power of the medicine is exercised upon the patient in, at least, the same degree of strength, and that more quietly and yet just as long as when the dose of medicine is taken by the mouth ; and

that, consequently, the intervals at which the olfaction should be repeated should not be shorter than in the ingestion of the material dose by the mouth. A patient even destitute of the sense of smell may expect an equally perfect action and cure from the medicine by olfaction".

Besides, he says that every part of body that possesses the sense of touch is also capable of receiving the influence of medicines and of propagating their power to all other parts.

Thus the stomach, the tongue, the mouth, the interior of nose, the rectum, genitals, parts that are destitute of skin, wounded or ulcerated spots can receive the influence of medicines and transmit their power to other parts of body. Even the external surface of the body can perform the same office especially when the medicine is used in liquid form.

If Homoeopaths want to practise Homoeopathy with success they must follow the instructions of Dr. Hahnemann very closely and should not imitate the methods adopted by other schools of medicine. Diseases, acute or chronic, can be cured with considerable ease if one only cares to study with a full degree of attention the Homoeopathic Materia Medica and the Organon of Medicine. Homoeopathy requires no external show or grandeur of treatment for its propagation and practice.

N. C. DAS.

GLEANINGS.

1. Sitting quiet, sad and silent, with anxious care about the future : Muriatic-acid.
2. Vertigo worse lying on right side or back ; worse moving the eyes : Muriatic-acid.
3. Obscured sight with pain in occiput : Muriatic-acid.
4. Dysentery, blood and slime separated : Muriatic-acid.
5. Short breath with rattling after drinking, talking or coughing : Muriatic-acid.
6. Whooping cough, after the attacks, audible rumbling and gurgling down the chest : Muriatic-acid.
7. Numbness, coldness and deadness of fingers at night : Muriatic-acid.
8. Painful putrid ulcers (lower legs) with burning at their circumference : Muriatic-acid.
9. Menses preceded by hysterical or epileptic spasms ; laughing loud : Hyoscyamus.
10. Difficult to swallow liquids, an attempt to swallow renews spasm : Hyoscy.
11. Rending pains in angles of eyes, disappearing when touched : Hyosc.
12. Nose-bleed, bright red, with salivation : Hyos.
13. Disappointed love followed by epilepsy : Hyos.
14. Umbilicus open, urine oozing through : Hyosc.
15. Muscles do not act properly if the will is not strongly fixed upon their action as when spoken to, the attention being thereby diverted, she drops things. Sudden relaxation of muscles : Helleborus.

N. C. DAS.

WONDERS OF HOMŒOPATHY.

*Gunshot wound with perforation, Remedies used :
Calc sulph., Syphilinum.*

Narendranath Bar of village Manirampore, H. B. Chord, received the injury and was kept in the Howrah Hospital for 11 months for treatment. This long course of treatment in the Hospital entirely failed to give him any relief. At the end of this period he was removed to his village home in an absolutely hopeless state of health.

I was called to see him. The following symptoms were noted

1. Enormous swelling about the knee through which the bullet passed.

Pressure on the middle of thigh caused a heavy flow of bloody pus. The inflammation was extending upward into the thigh. The part of the leg below the knee became very thin and emaciated. The whole knee-joint was swollen and painful, the pain was unbearable during and about the EKADASI DAYS (11th day of the moon phase). The pain was so intense that he had to cry day and night. Pain worse at night.

2. Whole body extremely emaciated, hardly able to speak or move.

3. Salivation during sleep at night.

4. Offensive odour from mouth.

5. Sweat not marked.

6. Lack of thirst and lack of appetite.

7. Constipation with no desire for stool.

8. Past history of syphilis.

9. Hot feeling at night with loss of sleep.

Treatment was begun with Calc-sulph. and concluded with Syphilinum high. He took 4 months to return to health. He is now living an active life as before.

LETTER—(1)

*"Birth-day Celebration of Dr Hahnemann"
at Jamshedpur.*

The members of the 'Singhbhum District Homœopathic Association' have celebrated the birthday anniversary of (Dr. Samuel Hahneman with great reverence at the Andhra Dramatic Club Hall, at Jamshedpur on the 10th April '53. The meeting was inaugurated by Sri. Anil Kumar Sen, B. A. B. L., M. L. C. Sri. Minoo Rustamji Patel has presided over the function.

Several Homœopaths from the district of Singhbhum (Bihar) have assembled and interesting speeches were delivered by some of them on the efficacy and cheapness of Homœo-treatment. There was good appreciation of the response shown by the masses as well as the elite of this district.

Yours,
Dr. D. S. N. Rao,
Homœopaths.
JAMSHEDPUR.

—o—

FOOD ADULTERATION.

We verily believe that no...peasant feeding on rotten potatoes and occasionally on bread made from the bark of trees endangers more his health and often his life than those who indulge indiscriminately in the delicatesses sold in neat little packages and pretty glass jars and bottles in fashionable grocery stores.

—H. P. Blavatsky. (1881)

In her journal, *The Theosophist* (June, 1881) H. P. Blavatsky warned against the adulteration of food and in the article quoted above she asked :—

...do our...readers ever think of the amount of adulteration the manufactures have to resort to, so as to realize some

degree of profit on the articles of food thy sell as genuine, at prices far below the cost-price of the raw material?

Follows an enumeration of adulterations of common foodstuff, discovered at that time by analytical chemists, till almost "everything in the household provisions is shown to be something else." Even a packet of salt containing "powdered marble, chalk, whiting, bonedus—and salt."

Has this situation not worsened since 1881? In 1953 we not only have our food adulterated and poisoned by manufacturers but the soil in which it grows and the plants from which it is gathered are also poisoned by chemical fertilizers and insecticides, not to forget the latest *Systemic* insecticides.

It is difficult for the average person to believe this; it seems incredible now, as it did when H. P. Blavatsky first gave her warning to India. We must, therefore, congratulate India's vigilant Health Minister for her stand against food adulteration; for we read in *The Times of India* (Nov. 28, 1952) that Rajkumari Amrit Kaur has presented to the House of the People a Bill for the making of an all-India law to prevent the adulteration of food. It was referred to a select committee which will report to the next session of the House, Shrimati Sucheta Kripalani, leader of the Praja-Socialist Party, supported the Health Minister, saying that such a Bill was "long overdue." Shrimati Indira Maydeo, of the Congress Party, Bombay, also gave support adding that the very nature of the measure would make it difficult to enforce, but that pure food should be made available to the people. The Health Minister assured the House that all suggestions by Members would be carefully considered and all measures, when passed, would be rigorously enforced. This is indeed an encouraging sign and bears out the hope of James J. Delaney, Chairman of a Committee to investigate food adulteration in the U.S.A., that women would come forward and work to stop this abominable form of modern immorality.

In the July, 1952, issue of *Bapu Raj Patrika*, Mira Behn warns against the "injurious effects of foods processed by

power driven machines." She recommends a book on the subject by Dr. Weston Price, a "celebrated dental surgeon of America": *Nutrition and Physical Degeneration*, (1945) and warns villagers against exchanging their fresh home-ground wheat and home-pounded rice for mill ground products; telling them :—

You know quite well that the flour thus ground (by machine) gets very hot in the process of grinding, and that when you get a larger amount ground at one time, and keep it for many days at home, all its good qualities disappear.

In *The Calcutta Municipal Gazette* (Oc. 18, 1952) is expressed the view that the Bill to control and prevent adulteration of food articles will be "a welcome measure" to fight the menace of food adulteration which has grown "too gigantic to be properly tackled by local measurs."

Therefore, since the problem of food and health are now major ones, we give in this *Tract* some up-to-date, reliable information on the subject. We draw largely on American journals because in the U.S.A. some medical, scientific and other individuals have become so alarmed at the rapid increase of ill health, deadly disease and insanity among all classes of the people, that they have been set questioning and seeking for causes. The shocking number of young men unable to pass the few, simple physical tests for entering the armed services was a revelation. Why, with abundance of varied foods should such ill health prevail amongst the young? Why the awful increase of nervous and mental diseases? Could there be a connection between this alarming situation and the new chemicals used in foods?

That Great Britain is also concerned is clearly shown by its several Ministry of Food and Ministry of Health publications bearing on the subject. In one Report (1949) "The Advertising, Labelling and Composition of food," 60 Regulations are recorded by means of which it is hoped to protect the consumer from exploitation in the present time of food shortage and in the future when highly competitive selling will recommence.

The American Magazine (July 1952) prints an article by James J. Delaney, Chairman of the non-partisan House Select Committee to Investigate the Use of Chemicals in Food Products, in which he states that now almost 1 out of 100 are mental cases in New York, making 17,000 cases in that State alone.

In *the Post* (Jan. 1952) "Food Poisoning Can Get You, Too" is an article by Steven M. Spencer, in which we read that the U.S. Public Health Service, which investigates only interstate disasters from food poisoning, reports about 400 of these a year, affecting more than 9,000 people; which Surgeon General Leonard A. Scheele and other authorities estimate as not over 10 or 15 per cent of the actual number occurring. Most of these are caused by food, fresh or tinned, that has been *kept too long*. Such food may not smell or taste suspiciously or stale, for it is artificially treated, yet it may be deadly. This should give Indian importers of foreign tinned and dried foods something to think over. How can they know that what they receive and sell has not "been kept too long" even before they receive it?

Business Week, (February 1952) writing on "Tighter Food and Drug Law" states that the Committee headed by Representative J. J. Delaney of N. Y., was set up in 1950 to investigate into chemicals in foods but it found also several related problems, such as: "insecticides water flourinization and cosmetics." Representative A. L. Miller, a medical man on the same Committee introduced a bill to apply "new drugs" procedure. It demanded that drug manufactures "convince the Food and Drugs Administration (FDA) that all products are safe...before the new products go on the market." Adding that; "up to now there has been no such requirement for new uses of chemicals in food," either. So, unscrupulous manufacturers can turn a quick dollar in perfect legal safety by adulterating foods.

The British Food and drugs Act (1938 and 1950) indicates that the same problems obtain there. The following Section headings tell the tale:

Prohibition of adulterants in baking houses and mills.

Prohibition of adulterants in butter factories.

Regulations as to presumptive evidence of adulteration of milk.

The British Government has also made investigation and a Report on Food Poisoning (1949).

An article: "Peril on Your Food Shelf" by Rep. J. J. Delaney, emphasizes that there is no law to compel the testing of new chemicals, or their accumulative effect in the human body, at present; the FDA can act only *after* a food product is on the market. The FDA lists 704 chemicals being used in regular food supply "of which only 421 are known to be safe." That leaves 276 chemicals that may be slowly (or quickly) poisoning us! He asks: Is it not "a tragic joke that makes a nation of 150,000,000 into test guinea pigs?" Which repeats what was written by Arthur Kallet and E. J. Schlink in their book: *100,000,000 Guinea Pigs*, published to warn the people in 1933.

Our food supply is being contaminated by "hundreds of new chemicals" continues Rep. Delay. Enough of them have been proved dangerous and even deadly to cause scores of noted scientists to testify that the rate at which substances heretofore foreign to our bodies are being introduced into them through food is alarming, and may be seriously endangering our health and that of our children. Doctors testify that these chemicals may be connected with the increase of cancer, polio, and the mysterious virus X. Nutritionists agree generally that no chemical should be added to food that is not definitely proved safe and which is not a substitute for a natural food.

We give below some specific instances of adulteration of common foods cited by Mr. Delaney and others:—

BREAD: Chemical ingenuity flourishes in this field. For 25 years *agene* (nitrogen trichloride, a bleaching chemical) has been widely used in Great Britain and the U.S.A. in white flour. Three years ago an English chemist, Sir Edward Mellanby, discovered that bread made from this *agenised* flour caused epileptic fits in dogs! Dr. Anton J. Carlson, Chicago University's eminent physiologists and one of the

world's greatest nutritionists, announced to the American Association for the Advancement of Science his belief that *agenised* flour.

...is at least among the contributing factors to the nervous instability among the population that could be responsible for a portion of the upcurve in public drinking, and be partly responsible for producing alcoholics. Dryson Carter, in *The New World*, (19 8) pointed out that although *agene*-treated flour may not be a quick poison, during the past 25 years there has been great increase in chronic diseases such as duodenal ulcer, schizophrenia, and "allergy." In 1949 the use of *agene* was prohibited in the U.S.A. But a generation of human beings had been poisoned during the 25 years of its use! And :—

In 1949, two companies alone sold 30,000 bakers 10,000,000 pounds of chemicals. They are used as substitutes for milk, butter, eggs, essential oils and organic materials.

At the very least the nutritive content of bread is reduced by this, and who knows what further damage done? Such appalling facts are what make the whole problem so incredible, but people must know and face these facts and begin to act on them. Dr. Carlson, supported many others, holds that the eating of whole-wheat bread without any adulteration would solve many food and health problems. He writes that the demand for white bread is an ancient snobbery of the Roman Empire, when the classes ate white and the slaves ate dark bread. Also it has been found that an unadulterated loaf of the highest quality costs a bakery only $\frac{1}{2}$ cent more to produce, and it would be a boon to both consumer and farmer alike, since it would use up the surplus milk and wheat in the U.S.A., now unused for human nutrition.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES: A food packer added thiouria to his peaches to make them look fresher. A shipment thus brightened up went out. Another peach-packer added the same chemical, but asked for a test of the fruit before shipment to the market. Rats were fed the fruit and all died within a few hours! Learning by chance of the

other shipment sent out, a mad search for the poisoned fruit ensued. Fortunately all the peaches, still bright and still deadly, were intercepted before being eaten. "Other similar episodes have not ended so happily," adds Chairman Delaney.

The insecticide DDT has been widely used, but it has only been recently discovered that it is stored in the body and has a cumulative and serious effects on the liver. Chlordane, first used commercially in 1947, another insecticide for the use on fruits and vegetables, is declared to be 4 or 5 times more poisonous than DDT, by Dr. A. J. Lehman, Director of the FDA pharmacological division. One million pounds of it was sold in the first nine months of its use for fruits and vegetables.

Dr. Charles S. Cameron, medical and scientific director of the American Cancer Society, declared that it is by no means sure that the residue of arsenic sprays on foodstuffs does not cause cancer. Eighty million pounds of arsenicals used yearly in the U. S. A. justifies investigation, in his opinion.

Selenium, another fruit and vegetable spray, has been shown to produce cirrhosis of the liver which develops into cancer when 3/1,000,000 parts are taken with food. And many other insecticides are in use whose safety has never even been tested.

SOFT DRINKS : The chemicals, especially phosphoric acid, used in soft drinks, should not be used. The Naval Medical Research Institute (U. S. A.) discovered that a human tooth put in soft drinks containing this chemical lost its enamel in 24 hours! Soft drinks, including so-called "fruit drinks," ate increasingly advertized and sold, they are not free from dangerous chemicals.

SALT : Adulteration of salt has continued for decades. A salt substitute, for those on low-salt diet, containing lithium chloride—killed three before it could be withdrawn from the market.

Mr. Delaney's article states: "This potentially lethal situation is due to a curious loophole in our present laws," adding that the FDA laws must be changed—but the last

time the FDA was amended it took 5 years! Open opposition to such legislation is rare, it is like coming out in favour of sin; but undercover opposition by vested interests might persuade Congress even now to let the matter die or emasculate it. He points out that women played an important part in compelling the pre-testing of drugs. The General Federation of Women's Clubs in the U. S. A. exerted enormous pressure, and can do it again. The pre-testing of drugs amendment went through at the last moment, helped also by the dreadful news that 100 persons had been killed by drinking "elixir of sulfanilamide" into which a solvent used as an anti-freeze in motor car radiators, had been introduced! After this any unscrupulous adulteration seemed a possibility. There is no legal way to prevent such a thing happening to food. It almost happened when thiouria was added to peaches. No words of caution would seem to be too strong and Mr. Delaney and others suggest that until laws can be changed the following precautions can be taken for safety's sake:—

(1) Housewives should not ask for the products warned against: white bread; anything containing DDT; artificial fruit or other soft drinks; chemically preserved, dried, tinned or glassed foods, etc.; and fresh fruits and vegetables should be *thoroughly* washed in clean water before eating or cooking them.

(2) Labels should be carefully read and products containing chemicals carefully avoided.

(3) Complete and exact labeling on food containers giving the proportions of ingredients, should be demanded and nothing bought that is not so labeled.

(4) Clean markets containing well washed fruits and vegetables should be demanded.

(5) Whole grains, clean and unadulterated, alone should be bought.

These suggestions could all be advantageously followed in India, where many of the food markets in the cities are a disgrace to the nation; and where practice of food adulteration is increasing, and the sale of foreign adulterated food goes on.

In *The New Statesman and Nation* (Oct. 18, 1952) "Food We Never Eat" by Stephen W. Pollok, brings out that one thing which the Third International Crop Protection Congress, held at Paris in September, disclosed was that "nature fights back when cornered"; and he writes :

One fact...emerged clearly from the Paris congress : that man, in his fight against crop pests, neglects the precarious balance of nature...at his own grave risk.

Also, an eminent French plant pathologist thought that the chief "lesson to be learned from the interchange of views of 600 guardians of crops" from 40 countries, was that man may "fatally interfere with the balance of nature." Theosophy has long warned against this and taught :

Help Nature and work on with her ; and Nature will regard thee as one of her creators and make obeisance.

(*The Voice of the Silence* p. 15)

Theosophy is naturally against such wickedness as the adulteration of food. It always gives the spiritual point of view on every problem which is also and ultimately *always the most practical one*. It is a false and dangerous notion in the minds of many that the spiritual view of things is an impractical one ; for the spiritual view is ever the long-time, natural, view, which sees the underlying unity and interdependence of all things and looks to the permanent benefit of all. Those whose vision is so limited and whose calculations are so superficial that they look only to partial, quick and temporary results are not the benefactors of themselves or their fellows. The food and health problem illustrates this in the most convincing manner for all who will think it through.

William Q. Judge, a great Theosophist, wrote in his *Notes on the Bhagavad Gita* :—

The question never is of kinds of food, but of fitness for each particular case...The main thing to be observed is to keep the body efficient as an instrument for the soul who inhabits it, by whatever means and food may be found necessary for that purpose. Here, like and dislike are set aside and only the purpose of soul is considered.

CLINICAL PROVING OF ASTERIAS RUBENS.

Aggravation : From light, exertion, noise, crying (in case of babies), walking up a height, warmth of bed and in the morning.

Amelioration : From highly seasoned food, cold water, in the open air and after eating.

It covers all the three miasms and suits those whose nose-lids are thick with no streaks on them and who are weak in mathematics or woman who have borne too many children. Its tongue is thick and flabby and has bubbles of saliva on the sides or the tongue is coated yellow in the centre with papillæ erect near the tip. It has *sweat all over the body excepting the head* (Cham, Ledum, Rhodo and Thuja) and *everything tastes bitter*.

Mind : Jealous and irritable. Dull headed. Asterias brightens intelligence.

Head : Fails to pass examinations because he is weak in working out sums. Pimples on the forehead of youngsters during summer.

Eyes : Anæmia.

Ear : Boil inside the ear (Kali Carb, Pic. Acid.).

Nose : Bad smell from the left nostril which the patient notices.

Mouth and Throat : Bleeding from the mouth. Swelling of gums in April. Tongue itches. Ulcers on the lower lip (Nit. Acid ; on the upper lip—Rhus Tox ; on both the lips—Conium, Kali Mur). Profuse saliva comes out of the mouth. Swelling bellow Adam's apple. One lymphatic gland on the left side of the neck.

Stomach and Abdomen : Pain in the stomach after eating. *A very good remedy for Liver Abscess* if it is caused by a fall. Pain in the liver increases from coughing (First give Asterias, then Bryonia and finally a dose of Sulphur.). Cannot digest food (Sarsa). Undigested food comes with the stool (Ant. Brud, Conium). Bubo in the groin.

Stool and Anus : Pain in the abdomen for want of stool.

Urine : Suppression of urine. Burning at the close of urination (Sarsa). The desire to urinate persists.

Sexual Organs : Moist sores on the scrotum. Itching and burning in the vagina. Pimples on the nut and in the constricted portion of the penis. Itching of the prepuce. Leucorrhœa after menses. *Catches cold before menses.*

Respiratory Organs : *Palpitation during heat.* Cough in October. The face becomes red with the cough. Does not like to drink. *Vomit everything either solid or liquid.* Pain at the end of sternum (Psor).

Extremities : *Pain in the calf.*

Skin : Eruptions near the corners of the mouth. Blackness of skin on the forehead (Ars, Caust). *Weeping eczema on legs* (Sil ; on the face Ars). Urticaria by putting the hands in cold water (Urticaria at night—Ars, Cal. Sulph).

Fever : In October. Temperature 105 degrees. With the decrease of temperature in the pox season, pox breaks out. Fever with pernicious anæmia. Bloodless tongue.

Desire : In summer, babies have excessive thirst for cold water.

Sensation : As if the skin is pricked with needles.

It is followed well by Staphy, Sulphur and Tuberculinum.

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CASE REPORTS.

(By Dr. N. Banerjee, MEERUT)

INFANTILE LIVER CURED.

Mangat, a baby of two years' old was suffering from enlarged liver. Both the lobes were swollen and hard and their edges were thin. The colour of the skin was yellow. The baby's grand mother threw out a most important hint. She said that the baby would pass stools during the day but only one or two stools at night. This reminded me of Petroleum. Petroleum 30 was given. It stopped the purging in a day or

two. The liver decreased in size but not completely disappeared. I gave him a dose of Sulphur 30. In two weeks the baby was completely cured.

Mohon Lal, a baby of two was suffering from enlarged liver. Blue veins were visible on the distended abdomen. The baby was very irritable and would not allow me to examine his liver. The baby's father was an M.A. and his mother was an undergraduate. As both the parents were educated and intelligent, I prescribed a dose of Calcarea Carb 6x trit and no medicine for one month. Generally when the vitality is low, no deep acting and long acting remedies should be given. But in in this case I took the risk. The first change noticeable was the disappearance of irritability. I was hopeful. After two weeks, the baby allowed me to examine the liver. The blue veins disappeared. There was rapid improvement and after a month he was cured completely.

PROLAPSUS OF RECTUM.

Sitaram, a student was suffering from prolapsus of rectum. His complexion was of black colour and the ring and pointer were of equal size in both hands. Generally it is seen that after the passage of stool, the spincter muscle of the anus closes automatically. As there was a departure in this case, I gave the boy a dose of Ignatia 1000. There was improvement. Encouraged at the result, I finished the case with a dose of Ignatia C.M.

Baby Rana was suffering frolapsus of rectum. There was loss of appetite. The patient was anæmic and his gum was of pale red colour. Cyclamen was prescribed and with two doses of Cyclamen 1000 at an interval of fifteen dys, the baby was cured completely.

SORES ON THE CHIN.

Sharif Ahmad was suffering from sores on the chin. There was one peculiar symptom which led me to prescribe Causticum. He would not besmear his body with mustard

oil or with oil of any kind. This is the most important symptom to be found under causticum. Causticum 1000 cured him soon. Sabadilla also cures sores on the chin. It should be prescribed if the lower lip is thick and projecting.

POINTED WARTS ON THE FACE.

Kailash, a young unmarried gentleman was suffering from three-pointed warts on the left side of the cheeks. As his marriage was settled, he wanted to get rid of the disease as quickly as possible. There was a history of piles in the family. I at once ordered a dose of Hypericum 200. In course of fifteen days, the warts vanished as if by magic !

Sarsaparilla is another good remedy for curing small horny warts on the cheeks and whitish warts on fingers. Black pointed warts are easily cured with Asafœtida. Tiny warts that look like Bajra seeds are cured with Hypericum. Natrum Mur cures warts on the eyelids. Tuberculinum 1000 is another good remedy which cures long pointed warts on the cheeks.

A CASE OF MUMPS ON BOTH SIDES OF THE NECK.

Kaloo was suffering from mumps on both sides of the neck in the month of March. This disease may appear on the right side and it may travel from right to left. If it occurs on the left side, Arsenic and Merc Bin Iod 6 are the efficient remedies. Kaloo was put upon Sarsaparilla 30 and he got rid of this disease in six days.

WHAT WE MUST NOT DO IN HOMŒOPATHY.*

Translated

By Dr. Rajkumar Mukeerji, M.A., L.H.M.S.

[Continued from page 160]

In cardiac weakness, *Oubain* is a marvellous remedy no doubt, but it is a remedy to which one becomes habituated; one cannot make himself free from its power.

Digitalis in massive doses is also extremely dangerous in the weakness of the heart. There are cases of suicides by taking *Digitalis*. *Digitalis* causes tachyarrhythmia.

As regards the toni-cardias there is now tendency to react against their abuse for a long time and in massive doses.

They are now replaced by *bromohydrates* of quinine and also quinidine.

For the homœopaths it is a great problem to settle the question of toni-cardiacs. We are sometimes obliged to apply to these patients in certain cases some toni-cardiacs but they hamper the action of the Homœopathic ground remedies.

I had two very curious cases. A case which I treated longtime ago. The patient was suffering from mitral disease. A young patient having hyposystole, with periodic asystole. He used for a long time *Digitalis*. When we treated him we applied a dose of *Arsenicum Album M* or 200 which will be followed by a maceration of *Digitalis*. He took *Arsenicum* but he didn't take the masceration. The urine augmented from 400 grames to 1 litre and a half after the use of *Arsenicum*.

On the other hand we often see that *Phosphorus* augments the diuresis in astonishing manner in old asystolic patients.

* From: *Ce qu'il ne faut pas faire en Homœopathie* by Late Dr. Fortier Bernoville, M.D. published in *l'Homœopathie Moderne*.

ACUTE AND CHRONIC DISEASE.

It is evident that in acute cases of heart, such as endocarditis, rheumatic endocarditis, pericarditis, the application of Homœopathy according to the symptoms will give interesting results. But when it is the question of a chronic disease, the case becomes completely different. Take for example a patient of endocarditis who has a lesion of the endocardia. In such case the endocarditis will not settle the prognosis. It is myocardia, and the general condition which will settle the prognosis. We will have to treat the patient according to his temperament ; we will have to give him some diluted Tuberculins. We will have to treat the patient longtime beforehand, then we will come to the disease. And the most important and general rule in Homœopathy is : IN EPIDEMIC, IN ACUTE DISEASES IT IS OFTEN NECESSARY TO TREAT THE DISEASE FIRST. In epidemic diseases there is a kind of epidemic *genius*, which is the cause that all the patients require the same medicine. In certain epidemics of typhoid *Baptisia* will be the only remedy, in others the remedy will be *Arsenicum*. During the epidemic of flu called "Spanish", in 1918 all the Homœopaths of Europe and of the United States cured the disease with *Eupatorium perf.* The Homœopaths of Brazil used *Gelsemium*. The patients of Brazil had the symptoms of *Gelsemium*, while *Gelsemium* is a remedy of acute diseases in a cold country.

Then in acute epidemics, the diagnosis of the diseases leads directly to the Homœopathic remedy, indicated by the symptoms, while in chronic cases, it is the diagnosis of the patient himself is of the first importance : His temperament, his constitution, his morphology and deep etiology of his troubles.

I believe that here we have to avoid many errors. The first is that we must not base our treatment purely on symptoms. The second is that inversely we should apply only the medicine having a far away action in relation to the lesions in question. And this brings us to another consideration, which will be much more apparent as regards

the diseases of other organs ; which is : It is that there is very often in the organism a kind of antagonism between the local interest and the general interest of the patient and very often we are forced in homœopathy to watch and treat the patient in such a way that, we do not aggravate the lesions or the local troubles or inversely, by respecting the general condition.

In a general way we may say that the Allopathic therapeutic has always the tendency to consider the disease locally ; the homœopaths practice a therapeutic, which is quite different and has the tendency to make a general treatment and does not occupy itself with the local lesion. But the local lesion has also its importance. Some homœopaths were right to make us wise in this regard. You know that Sulphur for example of which the child has all the symptoms, will ameliorate the general health but it may aggravate the otitis. We cannot however aggravate a suppuration which will cause some local disorders only because it is the best remedy of the general health.

There is another consideration which is the following : *Very often in chronic cases the most evident symptoms are the symptoms of an organ or of a system which suffers while it is another organ or another system which was really or primarily affected.*

DISEASES OF THE STOMACH AND OF INTESTINES.

I will at first give you the example of ærophagia. In all ærophagia there is a vago-sympathetic syndrom and a hepatic syndrom. We can cure merveilleously ærophagia by the help of Homœopathy, but we can ameliorate more surely with triturations of the LIVER and of the PARATHYROID, than by Carbo vegetabilis. If we follow directly the homœopathic therapeutic, and if we try to search for the similium then we will find that China will suit to Aerocolia, Carbo vegetabilis in ærogastrica, and Abes canadensis in ærogastrica which causes heart troubles. Then we will not think of the liver which is really the cause of the disease. Here the

suffering organ is the liver, and it is a dumb organ, and the organ which cries for the pain is the stomach, but the latter is not really the cause of the disease.

This is therefore a case in which the homœopathic therapeutic should really be etiologic and should be applied basing not only on the etiology but on the pathogenesis. We will cure ærophagia with Thuja, with Ignatia, a remedy of spasms, with Kali Carbonicum, with extracts of liver and of parathyroid in small Homœopathic or in ponderable doses, while very frequently Carbo Vegetabilis and Graphitis will be but some medicine of secondary importance.

Let us take another case : The ulcer of the stomach, with hyperchlorhydria, syndrom of Reichman, rather a pyloric ulcer. According to the law of similars there is no other remedy but Robina which is the best indicated by symptoms. Robina will cause amelioration no doubt because it will act on hyperchlorydria. Besides, Sulphuric Acid will be indicated, or another remedy of the same type may be indicated but these remedy will have only momentary effect. Anacardium may also have a deep action if it is used according the to modality : Painful hunger, ameliorated by eating.

Kent had already shown that very often from the Homœopathic point of view the symptom itself is not so important, but it is the modalities by which the syndrome is established, which are much more important. It is for this reason we give so much importance to the modalities which translate the temperament and the reaction of the organism. While reaction of the organism is nothing but the pathogenesis itself.

Thus in order to cure the ulcer of the stomach we apply on the one hand some autospasmodics and on the other hand some medicines having special action on the liver, such as Lycopodium. We also apply a remedy having local action because we are obliged, it may be said, to act on a particular point according to its similitum. It is also important to use the medicines of hyperchlorhydria, *i.e.* of the pain of the

patient, but these remedies will be of secondary importance.

This is the reason why in the whole Homœopathic treatment of chronic diseases, in order to avoid this kind of antagonism between superficial and evident symptoms on the one hand and the general symptoms on the other, Dr. Nebel has rendered a great service by first codifying the rules of the Drainage and Canalisation. He has built the bridge between these two types of phenomena.

I am giving you some examples in order to make clear to you this point of view and to show you the errors that should be avoided. It is very curious to see how in a general way we get an action much more deep with the diluted and dynamised medicines given according to the law of similars on the hollow organs, having some autonomous movements and this is rather true as regards the digestive apparatus. It is on the digestive system where we can act better, while apparently it is the question of some phenomena which seem material, visible, energetic and palpable and which are before all due to a question of energy, to the sympathetic action, on the nervous system, on these hollow organs that can be contracted at will.

Well, there again, when we speak of *Nux vomica*, canalisers of the small intestines, when we speak of *Alcœ*, the canalisers of the large intestines and the rectum, we have in view some medicines that act on the sympathetic system and which have no direct action neither mechanical nor physiological on the intestines or on the rectum. Our medicines act because we make a treatment according to the pathogenesis of the observed troubles.

While treating the acute and the chronic intestinal troubles sometimes some interesting facts are observed. A patient told me this: when I work or when I become nervous and fretful. I have soft and fetid stools. When I am at rest, I have formed stools having no odor. Try to understand the story: You will understand that his nervousness augments the velocity of his intestinal transit because of the sympathetic action on the peristalsism. Thus

you understand why some times he has soft stools and why he has formed stools when he is at rest. But at the first thought you will not be able to understand why in certain cases the stool are fetid and why in certain cases the stools are not fetid. If you think a bit you will understand the reason. When the intestinal transit is very rapid the bile flow is not sufficiently abundant and cannot act enough well to check the intestinal putrefaction. And very often when the stools are fetid the medicines like Podophyllum, or Arsenicum will act better than Benzo-naptha or other allopathic medicines capable of deodorizing the stools. We must come to the sympathetic system if we want to know what really happens. Arsenicum album will be the important remedy for intestinal putrefaction.

(Even if the other symptoms of the patient are not of Arsenicum, this remedy may be used. Arsenicum is a difficult remedy to manipulate in chronic cases. It does not act as one wishes. In acute cases it is a marvellous remedy. Extraordinary from the digestive point of view.)

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ESSENTIAL SYMPTOMS.

APIS.

- (1) Pains like bee-stings, stinging pains.
- (2) Lets things fall from the hands from inadvertency.
- (3) Shrill sudden, piercing screams, sleeping or waking.
- (4) Vertigo on closing the eyes or when the sight is obscured.
- (5) Sensation as if could not breathe again.
- (6) Boils and swellings of all descriptions with stinging pains.
- (7) Cerebro-spinal meningitis, stiff neck and back, shrill, sudden piercing screams; apoplexia, hydrocephalus and other disorders of the brain. Bending head back and boring the head into the pillow; inability to hold it erect.

- (8) Cannot bear to be left alone.
- (9) Absence of thirst, scanty urine.
- (10) Upper lids swell and hang like little sacks over the eyes. Œdematous and bag-like under the lower lids.
- (11) Sleeps with the eyes wide open.
- (12) Paralysis of right side of the face with right eye closed.
- (13) Fistula lachrymalis. Polypus of nose.
- (14) Red fiery appearance of the buccal cavity.
- (15) Cant protrude the tongue, it trembles and catches on the teeth. Tongue hangs from the mouth.
- (16) Cancer of tongue.
- (17) Hypertrophied tonsils when very red.
- (18) Soreness of the bowels or abdominal walls when touched or pressed. Ileo-caecal region very sensitive on pressure.
- (19) Ascites, anasarca, hernia, erysipelas, painless dysentery, dropsy.
- (20) Ovarian affections with inverted nipples ; stinging burning pains.
- (21) Great sensitiveness to touch.
- (22) Great dyspnoea, as if every breath would be the last, wants to be fanned. Asthma worse in cold weather, suffocation, throws the collar wide open, could bear nothing about the throat.
- (23) Hurried and difficult respiration with fever and headache.
- (24) Beginning or threatening of a felon.
- (25) Numbness of the limb same side on which ovary is affected.
- (26) Numbness of the hands or fingers esp. tips ; burning like fire. Numbness and coldness of feet.
- (27) Dreams of making long journeys, flying through air, hot stones, walking over hot floors, walking over wet roads.
- (28) Surface of body very sensitive to touch.
- (29) Dark hæmorrhages.

(30) Swelling or puffing up of parts, œdema, red rosy hue, stinging pains, soreness, intolerance of heat and touch, afternoon aggravation, extreme sensitiveness to touch and soreness, sensation of constriction.

(31) Symptoms worse heat or heated room.

32. Symptoms better cold bathing, open air.

ANTIM TART.

(1) Respiratory diseases, rattling of mucus with little expectoration, drowsiness well marked, great debility, profuse sweat, incessant quivering of chin and lower jaw, sweat on forehead esp. with cough; bronchial tubes overloaded with mucus, cough and dyspnœa better lying on right side; coughing and gaping consecutively; dyspnœa relieved by eructation. Worse in damp cold weather. In pneumonia when the edges of the lids are covered with mucus. Diarrhœa in pneumonia. Rapid, short, difficult, anxious respiration, hot and sweaty head. Cough excited by eating. Pains from chest to shoulder. Sputa blood-streaked, rust-coloured, adhering like glue to the vessel. Muscular twitchings. Blue lips. Great rattling of mucus as if the child would suffocate, always relieved by spitting or vomiting of mucus. Patient is compelled to sit up. Bronchitis, pneumonia, emphysema, etc. In some forms of asthma one has to sit in a chair and lean his head on a table. In some forms of pneumonia so great is the prostration that the patient is constantly slipping down in bed. Symptoms better from sitting erect and from eructation. Face is pale or cyanotic and breathing stertorous. Warm drink causes cough. Worse lying on side affected. Lies with head back (Lung affections). Cough worse 4 a.m. better eructations. Fan-like motions of wings of nose in pneumonia.

2. Intense nausea relieved by vomiting. Nausea, vomiting, loose stools, prostration, cold sweat, stupor, drowsiness, cholera.

3. Great relief from eructations (stomach).

4. Continuous anxious nausea with great effort to vomit, and sweat on forehead.

5. Craves apples, fruits, acids, cold drinks and other cool and refreshing substances.

6. Aversion to milk.

7. Pitiful whining and crying. Child wants to be carried and cries if any one touches it. Child will not be touched without whining.

8. Irresistible inclination to sleep with nearly all complaints.

9. Smallpox, pustular eruptions, great drowsiness; variola, when the eruption does not appear, backache, headache, crushing weight on chest, often diarrhœa. Sometimes convulsions.

10. Leprosy, small ulcers on tips of fingers and toes spreading livid edges. Distortion of fingers! Spots of a deep yellow on fingers. Finger ends dead, dry and hard.

11. Cold and moist hands and icy tips of the fingers.

12. Rheumatic ophthalmia or from gonorrhœa.

13. Fanning of wings of nose (Chelid, Lyc, Phos) in pneumonia or bronchial catarrh.

14. Convulsive twitching in almost every muscle of face.

15. After checked gonorrhœa pain in testes

16. Sensation of a heavy weight at the coccyx.

17. Child at birth pale, breathless, gasping.

18. Puerperal convulsions after the child is born.

19. Trembling of hands. Trembling of whole body. Long-continued trembling of the head and hands after every exertion or motions.

20. Child coughs when angry.

21. Worse lying on the side affected.

22. Warts at the back of glans penis.

23. Sweat on the parts affected.

24. Itching round inveterate ulcers.

25. Much talking during sleep; cries during sleep.

26. Parched and cracked lips.

AMYL NITROSUM.

1. Collar seems too tight and wishes to loosen it (Lach).
2. Flushing of the face, face red and hot. The slightest emotion causes the face to flush deeply. Flushes of heat in climacteric years.
3. Angina pectoris particularly with the flushings and facial symptoms of this remedy. Pain extends to right arm.
4. After an extensive burn, trismus, with horrid tetanic grin, opisthotonos (inhalation).
5. Yawning during coma.
6. Chorea, every muscle in the body seems in motion.
7. Convulsions especially in children. The hands of children in convulsions tremble and grasp at imaginary objects; piercing shrieks; unconsciousness with inability to swallow; protruding, staring, look as if glazed. Convulsions after parturition with red face.
8. Hiccough. Climacteric headache. Throbbings.

ANACARDIUM ORIENTALE.

1. Fear of examination in students. Brain fag.
2. Dyspepsia relieved by food. Swallows food and drinks hastily. Nausea of pregnancy better by eating or while eating.
3. Sensation of plug in head, eyes, ears, abdomen, rectum
Sensation of a band.
4. Impaired memory.
5. When walking feels as if some one were pursuing. Thinks that a stranger is constantly by his side. Laughs where he should be sober.
6. Chilliness. Warts on palms.
7. Headache worse mental exertion, better by eating; better by lying down.
8. Tendency to suicide by shooting (Ant-cr.)
9. Cough better by eating.
- 10 Aggravation of symptoms two hours after eating; ameliorated by eating.

ANGUSTURA.

1. Tetanus, traumatic, or otherwise when there is spasmodic twitching or jerking of the muscles ; worse touch, by drinking, noise.

2. Trismus, with lips drawn back, showing the teeth.
Trismus neonatorum

3. Catalepsy, body bent backward.

4. Paralysis of legs imminent with trembling of the feet.

5. Cough every P.M. at 3 o'clock.

6. Irresistible desire to drink coffee.

7. Cracking in all the joints. Pain in knees.

8. Patient oversensitive. Coldness of fingers.

9. Caries of long bones ; tearing, better cold application.

10. Belching with cough (Ambra).

11. Wasting of soft parts.

12. Palpitation better by sitting up.

ANTIM CRUDUM.

1. White coated tongue.

2. Children are peevish, fretful ; dislike to be looked at or touched or to be washed in cool water.

3. Inclination to shoot himself when walking in moonlight.

4. Headache after bathing in running water ; after suppressed eruptions.

5. Chronic sore eyes of children ; otorrhœ.

6. Nostrils sore, cracked, crusty, stoppage of nostrils, cracks or painful sores in the corners of the month, lips dry.

7. Pain in decayed teeth ; severe bleeding about teeth.

8. Desire for acids and pickles.

9. Heart-burn with good appetite, gastric catarrh with white tongue, nausea, vomiting, diarrhoea.

10. Watery stools with little hard lumps or containing undigested food. Diarrhoea from acids, overeating, overheating, cold bathing.

11. Nausea, vomiting diarrhoea during pregnancy.

12. Solid lumps in watery leucorrhœa.

13. Horny growth under nail ; crushed finger nails grow in splits with horny spots. Large horny places on the soles ; soles very tender to walk upon. Corn. Horny excrescences on skin.
14. Smooth warts, which are often soft.
15. Tendency to grow fat.
16. After severe illness if appetite does not return.
17. Cannot bear the heat of sun ; exhausted.
18. Chronic affections traceable to suppressed eruptions ; better from cool air.
19. Symptoms worse cold bathing, washing, wet poultices.
20. Sensitive to cold air.
21. Children throw sour milk, refuses to nurse again.
22. Symptoms worse heat ; ascending. Hot weather.
23. Effects of disappointed love, and suppressed eruptions.

N C. DAS.

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LETTER—(2).

Dear sir,

In reply to the enquiry about "Antidote" I am sending you the following note, which may be published in your journal.

In Homœopathy, by "Antidote" we mean A REMEDY WHICH NEUTRALISES THE PATHOGENIC EFFECT OF A HOMŒOPATHIC REMEDY". Antidote in the Chemical code means a drug which neutralises the toxic effect of any drug as for example the Acids neutralise the Alkalics. The action of a drug is substantial from when used in human organism is physiologic, while the action of an attenuated remedy is ENERGETIC. When we say "Antidote" it means a remedy having simillar symptoms produced by another medicine. So in Homœopathy an Antidote is indicated by the law of simillars. When you

give Sulphur in high dilution to a patient suffering from itch, you have generally the chance of an aggravation because the deep and rapid action of Sulphur will bring the toxins of the organism into the blood in order to eliminate them through any of the emonctorics which is generally the skin. The process of elimination is so sudden and strong that the whole system cannot tolerate it. In consequence of which some troublesome pathogenic symptoms appear. In such cases it is usual to stop the medicine or to use an "Antidote", which will complete the action of the drug previously given to the patient by helping the organism in its effort of elimination. In other words you do not really oppose the symptoms produced by Sulphur by giving Pulsatilla, or the action of Nux-vomica by giving Pulsatilla but you complement it. Similarly if you apply a few doses of the Antidote of the medicine which you intend to apply say Sulphur, you may check the damaging effect of sulphur by preparing the organism beforehand to stand the effect of Sulphur. Generally speaking a medicine would be left acting up to certain desired point. When its action has not reached the satisfactory point, it should be repeated and when it has passed beyond the desired point, the medicine should be stopped or for completing its action an "Antidote" *i.e.* a complementary should be prescribed. So if the word "Antidote" is understood Homœopathically there is no chance of misinterpreting it.

Yours faithfully,
Raj Kumar Mukherjee.

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PNEUMONIA.

[Continued from page 143.]

CANTHARIS.

Type: Pleuro-pneumonia, pleurisy; inflammations of lungs, gangrenous type.

Stages: Third stage (Pleurisy as soon as effusion has taken place).

Location : Both sides ; Right side.

Expectoration : Bloody ; acrid ; blood ; rusty sputum ; frothy saliva streaked with blood ; black blood, bright red blood ; dark blood ; pale blood ; difficult, frothy ; mucous ; sweet tough ; viscid ; yellow.

"Profuse tenacious and ropy mucus (Kali-bich, Hydr, Cocc-cact) ; Blood-streaked tenacious mucus.

Cough : Dry cough ; hacking cough ; short cough ; short hacking cough ; frequent dry cough.

Respiration : Oppression of breathing ; difficult respiration with constriction of throat and dryness of nose ; intense dyspnoea.

Pain : Shootings in the chest and sides ; burning pains in the chest ; stitches in the chest during inspiration (Inflammation of the lungs) ; violent pain ; (Ferrum Phos 3x trit) ; burning pains ; stitches in chest extending into axilla and sternum ; lacerations in chest at night ; stitches and darting in chest (Pleuro-Pneumonia) worse during inspiration cannot lie on affected side ; stitches when turning the body quickly or breathing rapidly ; chest very sensitive to touch ; burning pains.

Pulse : Pulse feeble, irregular (Tendency to syncope) ; pulse hard full and rapid.

Fever : Violent tenesmus, burning, cutting pains in bladder and urethra ; the pain in bladder increases from drinking, craving for meat, urinal odor of sweat ; burning of sole of feet, hands are icy cold. Great heat, thirst, redness all over body ; great heat of abdomen ; sweat smells like urine ; afternoon.

Conditions : Pleuro-pneumonia, stitches and darting in chest aggravated during inspiration, cannot lie on affected side ; stitching pain worse turning the body quickly and when breathing rapidly with arrest of breathing ; disproportion between frequency of pulse and respiration ; chest very sensitive to touch ; sensation of weakness in respiratory organs ; stitching pains in chest extends to axilla and sternum ; burning and stinging in the larynx worse when hawking up tough mucus ; tenacious ropy expectoration ;

Violent pain and quickness of pulse ; inflammation of the lungs, gangrenous type with prostration, the affected lung burns like fire, the expectoration is cadaverous smelling, thin, bloody, watery, the nose contracted, hippocratic countenance ; suppression of urine ; sinking (Ars a, lung burns, black sputum, restlessness, anxiety) ; lowest form of disease, violent inflammation, rapid invasion, picture of impending death (Canth, Ars a).

Accompaniments: Burning pain and intolerable urging to urinate ; constant tenesmus ; burning when urinating ; retention or suppression of urine ; passes no urine or only a drop or two ; desire for stool while urinating ; urine burns like fire in the bladder and urethra ; drinking even small quantities of water aggravates the pain in the bladder ; the burning in urethra is better by cold applications, by sitting in cold water (very characteristic) ; tenacious mucus in air passages ; burning pains in any part of body relieved by cold ; things look yellow "whole atmosphere looks yellow", burning in eyes ; rapid and violent inflammations with tendency to develop into a gangrenous state ; "inflammatory condition comes on with great rapidity and this brings the patient down violently sick in a great hurry".—Kent. Startling and alarming symptoms in all inflammatory conditions and death seems near ; death-like appearance, expression of terror and despair on the face ; sunken, hippocratic countenance ; hot red face ; yellow colour of face ; sudden loss of consciousness with red face ; stupor ; anxious restlessness ; uneasy, restless, dissatisfied, distressed moaning or violently crying, wants to be moved about constantly (Arsenic Alb.) freuzy with shamelessness, delirium, worse ; sight of dazzling bright objects and when touching the larynx or when trying to drink water ; Burning in the mouth, in throat, mucous, membranes all through the intestinal tract, even to the rectum and and anus (worse from drinking cold water) ; thirst with aversion to all fluids ; after stool chilliness ; over sensitiveness of all part ; burning with soreness especially in the cavities of the body ; right side of body mostly affected ;

blisters ; cold sweat on hands, feet and genitals ; unquenchable thirst (Ars A). "Nearly all complaints accompanied with the characteristic urinary symptoms".—Nash.

"It is a singular fact..... that if there be frequent micturition attended with burning, cutting pain or if not so frequent and the cutting burning pain attends the flow, Cantharis is almost always the remedy for whatever other suffering there may be, even in inflammation of brain or lungs ; Cantharis should always be remembered and studied in treating affections of the air passages when the mucus is tenacious (Profuse tenacious ropy mucus)".—Guernsey.

Aggravation : While drinking ; from coffee, from drinking cold water ; while urinating ; after having urinated ; touch ; approach ; oil ; inspiration ; lying on affected side ; rapid breathing ; sight of dazzling bright objects ; touching the larynx.

Amelioration : Rubbing ; cold applications. "Warm applications" (Clarke).

Remedies following : Bell, Phos, Merc.

CANNABIS SAT.

Type : Pneumonia infantilis ; Pleurisy.

Stages : Late in third stage.

Location : Apex ; lower portion of the lungs.

Expectoration : Greenish and viscid ; difficult greenish expectoration ; salty sputum ; cough with blood spitting ; green, viscid, also bloody expectoration ; salty, sour, sweet ; tough, viscid, yellow.

Cough : Cough violent and dry ; cough frequent dry teasing ; cough with green expectoration.

Respiration : Bronchitis with wheezing ; can only breathe when standing up (Asthma), oppressed breathing, as from a weight on the chest, with wheezing, rattling breathing ; difficult respiration.

Pain : Shootings in the bottom of the chest worse breathing, speaking, motion ; stitches low downward ; stitching pain in pleura.

Pulse : Pulse weak, slow, almost imperceptible.

Fever: Heat only in the face; burning heat at night; high fever and delirium; symptoms of meningitis.

Patient: Infants.

Conditions: Third stage; lower portion of lungs affected (apex); difficult and greenish expectoration; green bilious vomiting; inflammation of the heart, violent palpitation of heart, shocks and beats in the region of the heart; sensation as if drops were falling from the heart. "Very subject to pneumonia—very many chest symptoms". Guernsey inflammation of lungs with greenish vomiting and delirium; despondent in forenoon, lively in afternoon; opening and shutting of vertex worse from noise; one cheek red the other pale; dry mouth and throat: aversion to meat; stitching in the skin all over while perspiring; finger tips numb; dryness of nose with heat; pale face; hot face with red cheeks; dry mouth, viscid saliva, no thirst; hard stool in constipation; sensation in anus as if something were dropping out of it; loss of voice; pain the back, arresting breathing; sensation as if drops of cold water were falling on head, from arms, from heart; feels as if hot water were poured over him; weary after meals; gonorrhœa, walks very slowly, leg stretched apart; typhoid fever where strangury exists.

Aggravation: Forenoon; motion; talking; while urinating: lying down; ascending; after meals.

CAPSICUM.

Type: Lobar pneumonia; pleuro-pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia.

Stage: Third stage.

Location: Left side.

Expectoration: "Dirty brown, not rusty". Bloody; mucous; offensive; white.

Cough: When coughing he exhales fetid smelling air; dry hard cough worse evening and night with pain in distant parts (stitches in bladder, pain in knees, legs, ears, throat; explosive cough; dry hacking cough expelling an offensive breath from lungs; cough convulsing the whole body; cries

after cough for headache ; cough worse coffee ; cough worse night, cannot sleep ; with cough the air from the lungs causes a strange offensive taste in mouth : cough worse lying down and better drinking cold water, cough worse from any draught, warm or cold, after hot drinks, from exposure ; Stitches in the suffering parts with the cough.

Respiration : Oppressed breathing seeming to come from the abdomen or from fulness of the chest ; Asthma with redness of face ; deep breathing, almost like a sigh ; respiration deep ; oppressed breathing worse motion.

Pain : Shootings on the chest on breathing ; pulsative pain in chest ; constriction ; cough with pain in chest.

Patient : Of lax fibre ; fat flabby, red faced ; plump and round with no endurance ; a chilly patient.

Pulse : Irregular and often intermitting.

Conditions : Very fetid air rises from lungs when coughing causing very offensive taste in mouth ; bronchitis, sputum is retained a long time and undergoes decomposition in the lungs, so with a deep cough the breath becomes horribly offensive (Sang).

“Remember ‘Capsicum’ for bronchial catarrh when the breath is not offensive except during the cough”—

Ferrington.

Thirst, drinking causing shuddering ; burning in air passages.

Accompaniments : Light haired people ; tendency to get fat ; laxness of the muscles ; bloatedness of the skin ; symptoms on left side ; sensation of cold water in stomach ; sensation as if falling from a height during sleep ; yawning, dry lips cracked and peel off ; tenacious mucus in the mouth ; dread of all sorts of exercise ; cold perspiration on the upper part of the legs ; thirstlessness ; sour taste ; peevish, easily offended ; obstinate ; coldness of the affected part ; coldness in patches ; whole body cold ; craves pungent things.

Aggravation : Eating ; drinking ; first movement ; open air.

Amelioration : Heat ; continued motion.

CARBO ANIMALIS.

Type : Lobar pneumonia ; pleurisy, bronchitis ; typhoid pleurisy ; fargone pleurisy.

Stages : Late stages.

Location : Right lung.

Expectoration : "Green, purulent and horribly offensive ; green pus from chest ; expectoration puriform, often putrid ; purulent and extremely offensive expectoration in pneumonia".

Cough : Cough, with discharge of greenish pus ; suffocating, hoarse cough producing shaking of brain as if the brain were loose in the head ; hoarse cough with pain in chest ; dry cough at night ; suffocating sleep, worse in evening ; cough with shootings on right side of chest ; cough worse lying on right side.

Respiration : Panting respiration ; rattling in throat ; oppressed respiration in the morning ; suffocating constriction of chest ; breathing panting rattling.

Pain : Sensation of coldness in chest (Brown) ; soreness in chest ; burning in right side of chest ; sharp burning stitches ; shooting in chest worse on breathing ; stitches on right side.

[To be continued.

N. C. DAS.

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HEADACHE REPERTORY.

[Continued from page 144]

SENSATIONS.

Enlarged : Agar, Arg-n, Arn, Bell, Bov, Glon, Nux-v, Nux-m, Ran-b, Gels, Hyper, Lac-d, Lach, Mang, Nat-m, Plat, Sill, Spig, Apis, Ars, Cact, Cimic, Dull, Nat-c.

Smaller feels : Aco, Coff, Grat, Pic, Ac, Glon.

Skull-cap, sensation : Carb-v. Cycl, Graph, Apis, Arg-n, Ip, Lyss, Lit-t, Pyrog, Sulph, Zinc, Calc-s.

Coldness, Chilliness : Agar, Bell, Calc, Merc-c, Rhus-t, Stront, Stann, Arn. Ars, Aur, Cann-s, Colch, Con, Graph, Kali-c, Lach, Lyco, Merc, Nat-m, Nit-ac, Nux-v, Phos, Ruta, Sep, Sil, Sulph, Tarent, Verat.

Heat : Aco, Apis, Bell, Bor, Cact, Calc, Glon, Graph, Lach, Phos, Sep, Sil, Sulph.

Fullness : Aco, Apis, Cact, Glon, Lach, Sulph, Bryo, Bell, Calc, Cal-p, Carb-v, Sel, Phos, Psor, Gels, Lac-d.

Heaviness : Apis, Carb-s, Carb-v, Chin, Gels, Lach, Mur-ac, Nat-m, Nit-ac, Nux-v, Petr, Pic-ac, Sulph, Ars, Phos, Ac. Phos, Nat-c, Cact, Bry, Sil, Chel.

Alive : Ant-t, Croc, Hyper, Petr, Sil, Sulph, Agar, Tarax, Alum.

Ball : Aco, Cimic, Lach, Plat, Plb, Sep, Staph.

Numb : Graph, Nit-ac, Plat, Bryo, Lach, Petr.

Water : Am-c, Bell, Cina, Hep, Mag-m, Am-c, Ferr.

Biting and in head, as if there were an abscess with a sensation of wild confusion : Bov.

Cold crawling sensation runs over top of head, as if ice were lying on upper part of occiput : Cal-ph.

Cold sensation in right temple : Berb.

Coldness, sensation as if a cold spot : Sulph.

Confused and reeling sensation in head : Seneg.

Constant sensation of shocks or jerks in head : Caust.

Constant sensation of something loose in head, turning, twisting toward forehead : Kali-c.

Constrictive pain, as from a band around cranium, with sensation, as if flesh were loose : Sulph.

Cracking sensation in brain : Glon.

Crampy, aching, compressive sensation in forehead, accompanied by great anguish and restlessness obliging one to leave bed : Coloc.

Crampy sensation in head, particularly close above eyes : Colch.

Crawling, bristling, sensation as if hair were electrified : Ver-a.

Crawling sensation at vertex, as if worms : Cupr.

Creeping sensation in forehead and over head : Colch.

Creeping aensation of scalp : Arg-n, Bar-c, Can-sat, Staph.

Cutting as with knives followed by sensation of coldness :

Arn.

Darting through temples with sensation of blood rushing across head : Eupat-perf.

Dizziness with sensation as if a board were pressed on forehead : Bell.

Drawing sensation over head as if India rubber band were stretched over it : Coca.

Dull pressive sensation in occiput : Calend.

Dullness and reelling : sensation in head : Can-sat.

Feeling as if hot band were drawn across forehead from temple to temple, directly over eyes, with sensation of burning ring around each eye : Chloral.

Formication in one temple extending to lower jaw with sensation of coldness on that spot : Plat.

Hat pressed on head like a heavy weight continued to feel sensation even after taking it off : Carbo-v.

Head feels heavy with sensation as if it were larger : Mang.

Headache as from congestion with heat in face and sensation of trembling in head : Cop.

Headache bruised sensation in brain, generally on right side : Nux-v.

Headache frontal, with sensation of weakness in forehead : Psor.

Headache in occiput and nape, with painful sensation as if opening and shutting like a door : Cocc.

Headache pressive, in vertex, from both sides on ascending steps, sensation as if weight pressed upon brain with every step : Meny.

Headache sick, vomiting, excessive pain in temple, sensation of pressure over eyes, coldness of feet and hands, pallor, loss of sight, or appearance of black spots before eyes : Mel.

Headache steady with sensation as if head were full of boiling water : Robin.

Headache with sensation as if brain were too full : Caps.

Headache with sensation of pressure over left eye, aggravated by stooping, light, noise and from noon until night : Caul.

Headache with sensation of soreness, better in house, aggravated when first going into open air, relieved by conversation : Eupat-perp.

Headache with sensation of soreness internally : Eupat-perf.

Headache with sensation on shaking head as if brain were loose, with wabbling on motion, as if struck against skull : Nux-m.

Heat in vertex, with sensation as if head were compressed : Daph.

Heaviness in head when stooping as if brain would fall forward, with sensation of bubbling in forehead : Ber.

Heaviness on stooping with sensation as if brain would fall forward, then vertigo on rising, so that patient nearly fell : Carb-an.

Heaviness, with reeling sensation, loss of sight, fainting and ringing in ears : China.

Heavy throbbing in vertex with sensation of blow on occiput and nape : Can-ind.

Internal and external sensation of coldness of various parts of head ; as if a piece of ice were lying against it with pale puffed face : Calc.

Internal and External sensation of coldness of right side of head as if a piece of ice were lying there ; worse from change of weather, in early morning, from motion, and in open air, better on lying down : Calc.

Misstep causes a sensation of concussion in brain : Led.

Moving head or turning eyes causes sensation as if cranium were opening and shutting : Cimicif.

Muddled sensation in head and forehead : Aloë, Psor.

Nervous sensation as if blood were rushing to head : Calc.

Numb sensation in head and face : Bapt. Graph.

Numb sensation in head and hands : Fluor-ac.

Numbness, with sensation of coldness on one side of head : Coni.

On shaking head sensation as if brain were loose and struck against skull : Rhus-t.

Pain and pressure on vertex after palpitation and sensation as if heart were grasped : Cact.

Pain in right temple, which, on supporting head soon increased to a sensation of bursting and extending into right frontal eminence : Bell.

Painful sensation as if reeling : Ol-an.

Pain in occiput after lying down, with a sensation as if weight ; must aid with hands in lifting head : Eupat-perf.

Pinching sensation in right temple, as if something pressed on part and then relaxed : O-pi.

Pressure and sensation of heaviness in forehead at times ; also in occiput : Bism.

Pressure and sensation of weight in occiput, very slight during motion : Bism.

Puffy sensation in head : Berb.

Pulsation pain, with sensation of weight in right side of head, continuing day and night, so severe as to make him cry out : Cact.

Rocking, dizzy sensation after lying down and closing eyes, preventing sleep ; Calad.

Scraping sensation of scalp : Lycop.

Sensation after removing hat as if hat remained or as if head were bound with a cloth : Carb-veg.

Sensation around head as if he had his hat on : Calc.

Sensation as from a ball rising from throat into brain : Plumb.

Sensation as from a screw behind each ear : Ox-ac.

Sensation as if head were larger than body ; as large as a church : Nux-v.

Sensation as if head were separated from body : Psor.

Sensation as if hair were standing on end of vertex : Spong.

[To be continued.

N. C. DAS.

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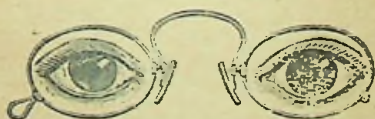
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