

FIFTY MILLESIMAL POTENCIES

Aggravation In the L M Potencies in Chronic Cases

When using the LM potencies, you want to see one of three things happen.

1. The patient gets continuously better, which is your ultimate goal.

2. The patient gets an aggravation of his old symptoms. This means that the medicine is too strong and has to be diluted more and possibly spaced to every other day or every 2 days, etc.

3. After taking the medicine new symptoms come in to the picture, within the first 10 days. This means that you have the wrong remedy and have to retake the case. When using the LM potencies you never have a problem choosing the potency because you always start with LM1. (Ch. 246Pg. 171 & 281; Pg. 204. Footnote a). The next thing is you should not have any aggravations in the LM potencies until the end of the treatment, unless you have a sensitive patient. (Ch. 248 Pg. 174 & Ch. 249 Pg. 176 & Ch. 253 Pg. 177). What should you do if you get an aggravation using the LM potencies? You should stop for 2 - 3 days and see what develops. (Ch. 248 Pg. 174).

If in the beginning of treatment you have an aggravation, you have a big problem. Either the patient is sensitive to the remedies (only if an aggravation of his old symptoms occur) or you have the wrong remedy and you should retake the case. (Ch. 248 Pg. 173-4). In either case you should stop the remedy for 2 - 3 days and see what develops and retake the case. (Ch. 249 Pg. 173 4).

If you find you have the wrong remedy and after 3 days the patient is still experiencing serious aggravations, you should antidote the old remedy and go on with the correct remedy. If the patient does not have any serious aggravations, then you can proceed with the correct remedy without worrying about antidoting the old remedy. (Ch. 249 Pg. 175). If in retaking the case you find that you are sure you have the right remedy, and the aggravations were only the heightening of the old symptoms, then you have a sensitive patient. (Ch. 281 Pg. 204). For a sensitive patient, you now have to dilute the remedy further and administer it at longer intervals. In diluting the remedy you first dilute it 8 times and try it, if they still have a reaction then dilute the remedy once again 8:1. If they are a very sensitive patient and react again then dilute it again 8:1.

(Ch. 248 Pg. 175). A sensitive patient can take the remedy at longer intervals, once a day, once every other day, every third day to one a week. (Ch. 248 Pg. 174). While taking the LM potencies the patient should have no reactions but should steadily get better (Ch. 161 Pg. 129).

When giving LM remedies of potencies of LM 8, 9, 10, etc., you may have to go slower with the repetition of the remedy, should the patient reexperience an aggravation of old symptoms. (Ch. 281 Pg. 204).

What happens if the patient experiences an aggravation of old symptoms after prolonged treatment? Then doses must be further reduced and repeated at longer intervals or else stopped altogether for several days or up to a week or two, to see whether perhaps no

more medicine is necessary for cure and the old symptoms will disappear by themselves. (Ch. 248 Pg. 174; Ch. 281 Pg. 203). If new symptoms come up, you retake the case and go on with the correct remedy at the lowest potency LM 1. (Ch. 248 Pg. 174). If old symptoms return, this means cure is imminent and that the vital force principle has almost no need to be affected by the similar medicinal disease in order to stop feeling of the natural disease and that are now more free of the natural disease, it is beginning to suffer somewhat from the homoeopathic medicinal disease, otherwise known as homoeopathic aggravation. (Ch. 280 Pg. 203).

Special Notes

- 1 Do not jump to the next LM potency until you have used up all the 100 succussions. If you use only 50 or 75 succussions and jump to the next LM potency, your patient may experience a serious aggravation, because it will be too big a change for the vital system to handle. (Ch. 282 Pg. 204).
- 2 If you instruct the patient to give the remedy 2 succussions before using you have a 2:100 change every time he uses the remedy. If this is repeated twice a day there will be a change of 4:100, which is very gentle and will go on for a period of 25 days. (Ch. 247 Pg. 172, Footnote a.).
- 3 If you instruct the patient to give the remedy 7 succussions before using it, you are changing the LM potency 7:100. If repeated again it will make a change of 14:100 per day. That is a very big change and only lasts for 7 days before you use up your 100 succussions and move on to the next potency. You have to have a very strong patient to handle this without an aggravation. (Ch. 281 Pg. 204).
- 4 In acute conditions you can administer the remedy every 6, 4, 3, 2 or every hour, half hour, or every 15 minutes, as necessary, especially in urgent cases.

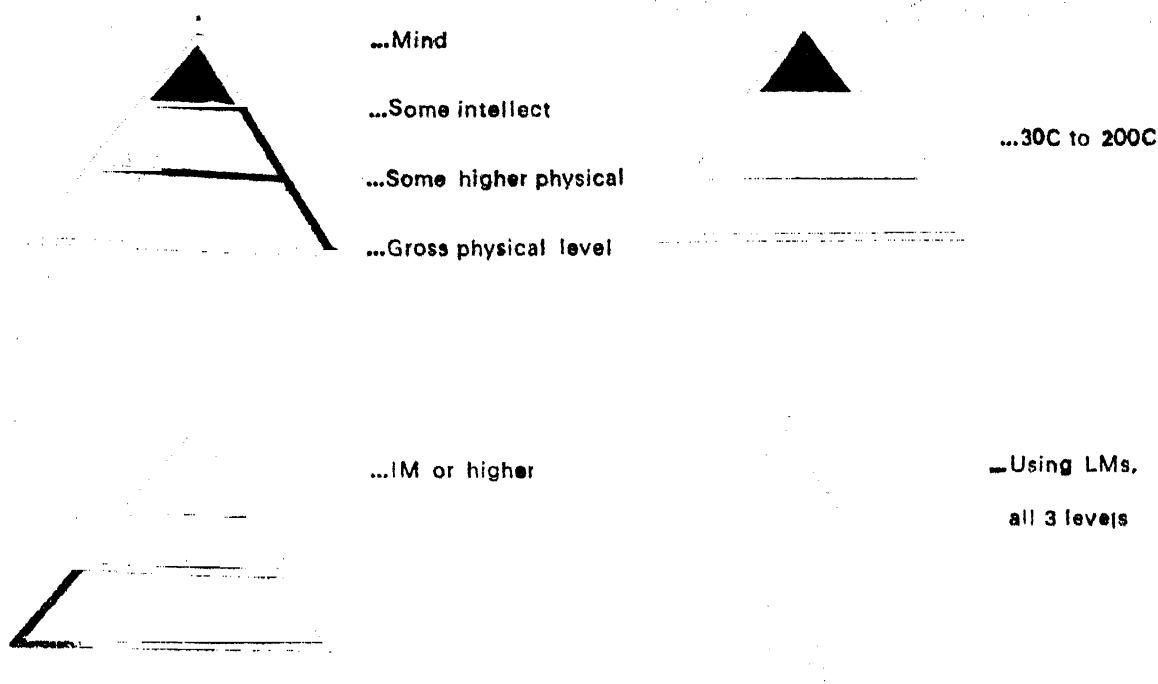
(Ch. 248 Pg. 173; Ch. 170 Pg. 175 bottom).

What to expect in acute cases; "In all diseases, especially in quickly arising (acute) ones, of all the signs that indicate a small beginning of improvement or aggravation that is not visible to everybody, the psychic condition of the patient and his general demeanor are the most certain and revealing. The very beginning of improvement is indicated by a sense of greater ease, composure, mental freedom, higher spirits, and returning naturalness. The very beginning of aggravation on the other hand, is indicated by the opposite - a more constrained, helpless, pitiable state with regard to his emotions, mind, general demeanor, attitude, posture, and actions which can easily be seen and pointed out if one is attentive but cannot be described in words. The signs of improvement in the emotions and mind can be expected immediately after the medicine has been taken only if the dose was small enough (i. e. as small as possible)." (Ch. 253 Pg. 177 & 178).

Special question and answer. Why, when I use the C potencies, a patient seems to get better, but if I use the LM potency, on the same patient, he gets an aggravation? Usually, if this happens, it is on the gross physical level. If you use 30C or above, you only get part of the patient and not the total patient. In using the LMs you cover all 3 levels of the patient or the total patient. See Example A. (Ch. 247 Pg. 172; Ch. 253 Pg. 177 & 178; Ch. 270 Pg. 195). If your remedy in the C potency was absolutely correct, then there would be no aggravation in the LM potencies. If you have the wrong remedy but are close, you will get an aggravation, medical symptoms from the remedy. (Ch. 243 Pg. 173).

Note: The LM potencies do not, in my experience, work well on nosodes. All information has been taken from the Organon of Medicine by Samuel Hahnemann, 6th edition, translation by Kunzle, Naude and Fendleton.

Example A. This is not exactly what happens. but similar.



These cases are both stroke cases and the use of Arnica in the LM potencies.

Case 1

A Man, 63 Yr. of age, had a stroke on the right side. He had paralysis as well as Loss of speech. I did not see him until 1 month after his stroke. At that time his blood pressure was 270 over 170. It should have been 120 over 80. His sugar in the urine was 400 and should have been 130. His heart skipped every 3rd beat. I told him that we would try Arnica LM 1 and what ever it didn't do then we could use the allopathic medicines. which cost \$400.00 per month. After 3 days all symptoms became normal except the paralysis and the speech problem. After 4 weeks all sign of the stroke was over.

Case 2

March 7, 1992 Woman 62 had a stroke. Paralysis on the left side with retardation. On April 10, 1992, her son came to see me with the story. I gave him, Arnica LM 1 diluted 1/50,000. Her son was to bang the bottle twice before using. Giving her 4 drops into a 8 oz glass of water and stirring 50 times and only giving her a teaspoon of this and throwing the rest away. This was to be done once a day. After two weeks all symptoms were gone, the mental retardation and paralyxes.

(To be continued)